

Disclaimer:

CONTEXT

is really important for most of the assertions here.

IRISH-ISMS AHEAD

Craic, eejit, etc are totally ok words

THIS IS BACON



DELPHI

VB.NET

C#, JAVA, JS

F#

SCALA

REFERENTIAL TRANSPARENCY

LESS MUTABLE STATE!!

NO EXCEPTIONS FOR FLOW CONTROL!!

.. AND MORE

BACON'S FRIENDS FELT AWKWARD



BACON'S FP

- Typed FP
- FP everywhere
- Aspiring to purity / Total functions

PROBLEMS WITH FP AS BACON UNDERSTANDS IT

- Dependency management
- Type tetris
- Complicated concepts

... is it worth it?... is it the best way?

BACON DREAMS OF WELL STRUCTURED PROGRAMS

Well-structured software is easy to write and to debug, and provides a collection of modules that can be reused to reduce future programming costs. [Why FP matters. John Hughes]

MEET 00000



- Works with Bacon
- Performance is everything
- Curious about functional approach

"FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMMING HAS EMERGED SINCE THE MID-2000S AS AN ATTRACTIVE BASIS FOR SOFTWARE CONSTRUCTION. ONE REASON IS THE INCREASING IMPORTANCE OF PARALLELISM AND DISTRIBUTION IN COMPUTING." ODERSKY, ROMPF APRIL 2014

"...ESPECIALLY ITS (SCALA) FOCUS ON PRAGMATIC CHOICES THAT UNIFY TRADITIONALLY DISPARATE PROGRAMMING-LANGUAGE PHILOSOPHIES (SUCH AS OBJECT-ORIENTED AND FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMMING) ODERSKY, ROMPF APRIL 2014

SOLID LOOKS A LOT LIKE FP WHEN YOU SQUINT

ON SCALA AND F#/C#

(From it's creators)

Scala is very much about better component oriented programming for the Java platform. Although we do a good job of object oriented programming which is very nice in F#, we haven't thought to make fundamental improvements at the component level, in a sense. We are quite happy to say "You are making components? OK, make it a .NET component". Don Syme - March 2009

"...[Scala] focus on pragmatic choices that unify traditionally disparate programming-language philosophies (such as object-oriented and functional programming). The key lesson is these philosophies need not be contradictory in practice.

[Odersky, Rompf - April 2014]

Regarding functional and object-oriented programming, one fundamental choice is where to define pieces of functionality (...) ...and Scala gives programmers the choice.

Choice also involves responsibility, and in many cases novice Scala programmers need guidance to develop an intuitive sense of how to structure programs effectively.



DOING + THINKING

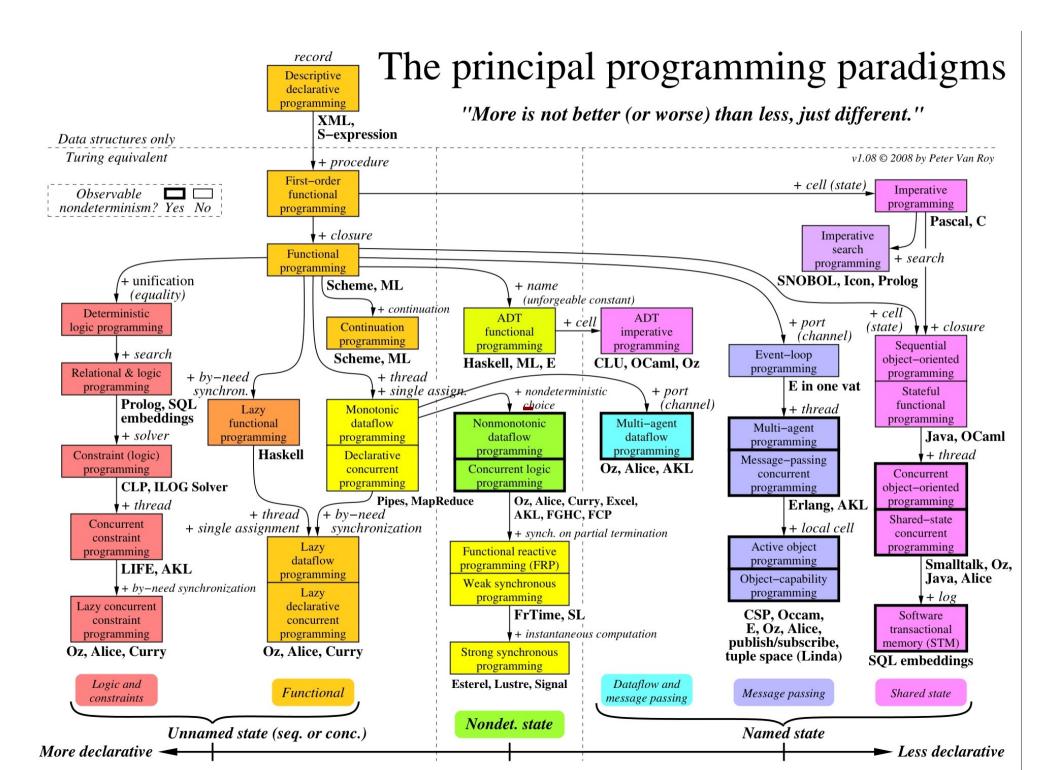
WE BUILD SYSTEMS WITH: LANGUAGE(S) **TOOLS: LIBRARIES, FRAMEWORKS CONTEXT: USERS AND COMMUNITY CONTEXT MATTERS**

- Paradigms and how they interact
- Paradigms and how they shift

A PROGRAMMING PARADIGM

...is an approach to programming a computer based on a mathematical theory or a coherent set of principles.

[Programming Paradigms for Dummies: What Every Programmer Should Know - Peter Van Roy]

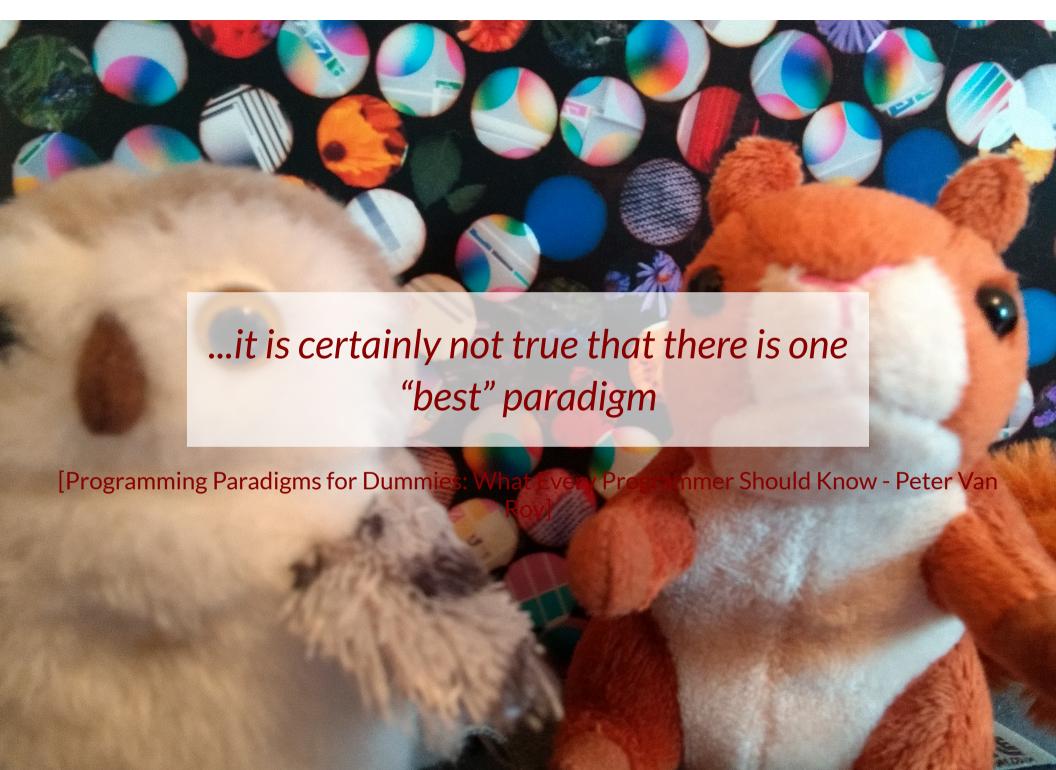


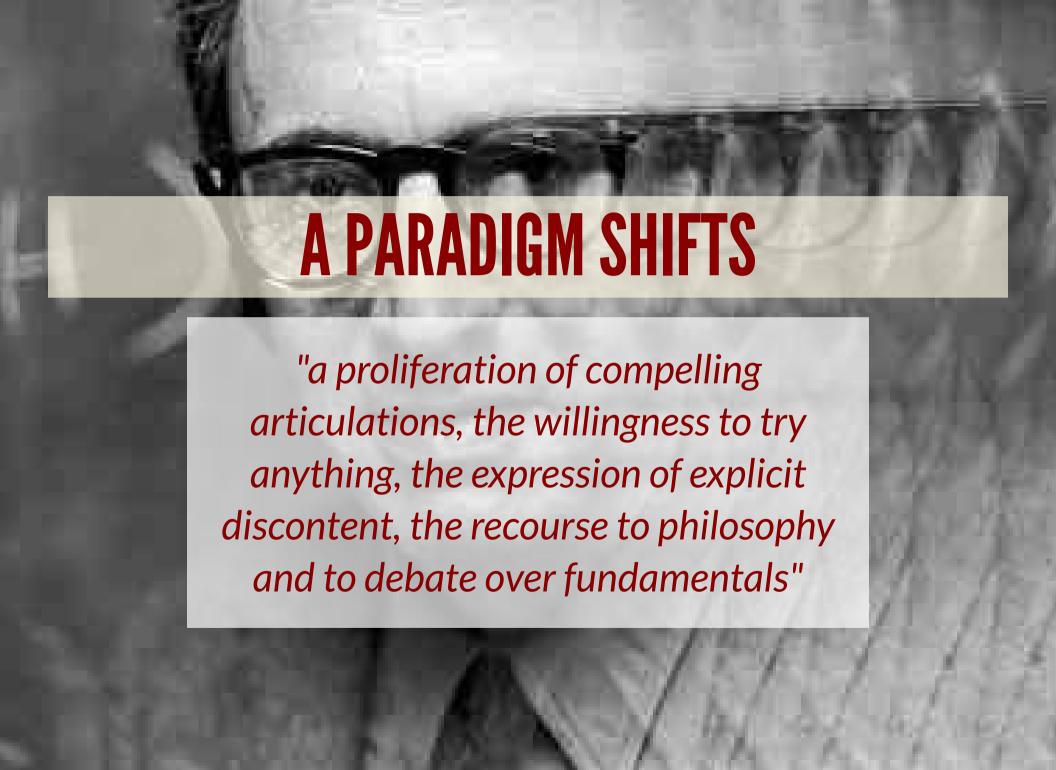
All but the smallest toy problems require different sets of concepts for different parts. This is why programming languages should support many paradigms.

[Programming Paradigms for Dummies: What Every Programmer Should Know - Peter Van Roy]

A language should ideally support many concepts in a well-factored way, so that the programmer can choose the right concepts whenever they are needed without being encumbered by the others.

[Programming Paradigms for Dummies: What Every Programmer Should Know - Peter Van Roy]





Many langauges adding features generally associated with functional programming:

- lambdas
- functional data structures
- pattern matching, etc

C++, Java, C#

The decision to reject one paradigm is always simultaneously the decision to accept another, and the judgment leading to that decision involves the comparison of both paradigms with nature and with each other.

Kuhn, Thomas S.. The Structure of Scientific Revolutions: 50th Anniversary Edition (p. 78). University of Chicago Press. Kindle Edition.

It is, I think, particularly in periods of acknowledged crisis that scientists have turned to philosophical analysis as a device for unlocking the riddles of their field. Scientists have not generally needed or wanted to be philosophers.

Kuhn, Thomas S.. The Structure of Scientific Revolutions: 50th Anniversary Edition (p. 88).
University of Chicago Press. Kindle Edition.

"... two scientific schools disagree about what is a problem and what a solution, they will inevitably talk through each other when debating the relative merits of their respective paradigms."

Kuhn, Thomas S.. The Structure of Scientific Revolutions: 50th Anniversary Edition (p. 109).
University of Chicago Press. Kindle Edition.

"He argued that competing paradigms are "incommensurable": that is to say, there exists no objective way of assessing their relative merits."

Kuhn, Thomas S.. The Structure of Scientific Revolutions: 50th Anniversary Edition (p. 109).
University of Chicago Press. Kindle Edition.



AS PROGRAMMERS, WE

- cut corners
- have religious wars
- deal with terrible code
- deal with other people's terrible code (the wurst!)
- complain about the shortcommings of the current language we are using

1978 Turing Award lecture by Floyd

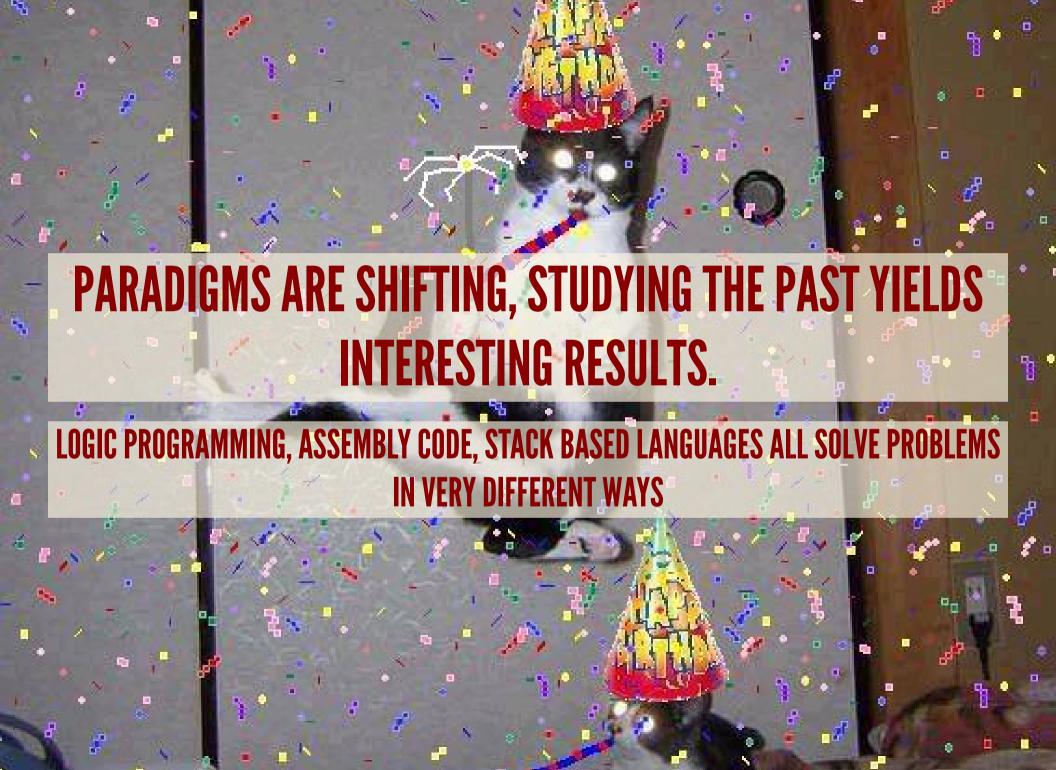
To the designer of programming languages, I say: unless you can support the paradigms I use when I program, or at least support my extending your language into one that does support my programming methods, I don't need your shiny new languages; like an old car or house, the old language has limitations that I have learned to live with

To the teacher of programming, even more, I say: identify the paradigms you use, as fully as you can, then teach them explicitly. They will serve your students when Fortran has replaced Latin and Sanskrit as the archetypal dead language.

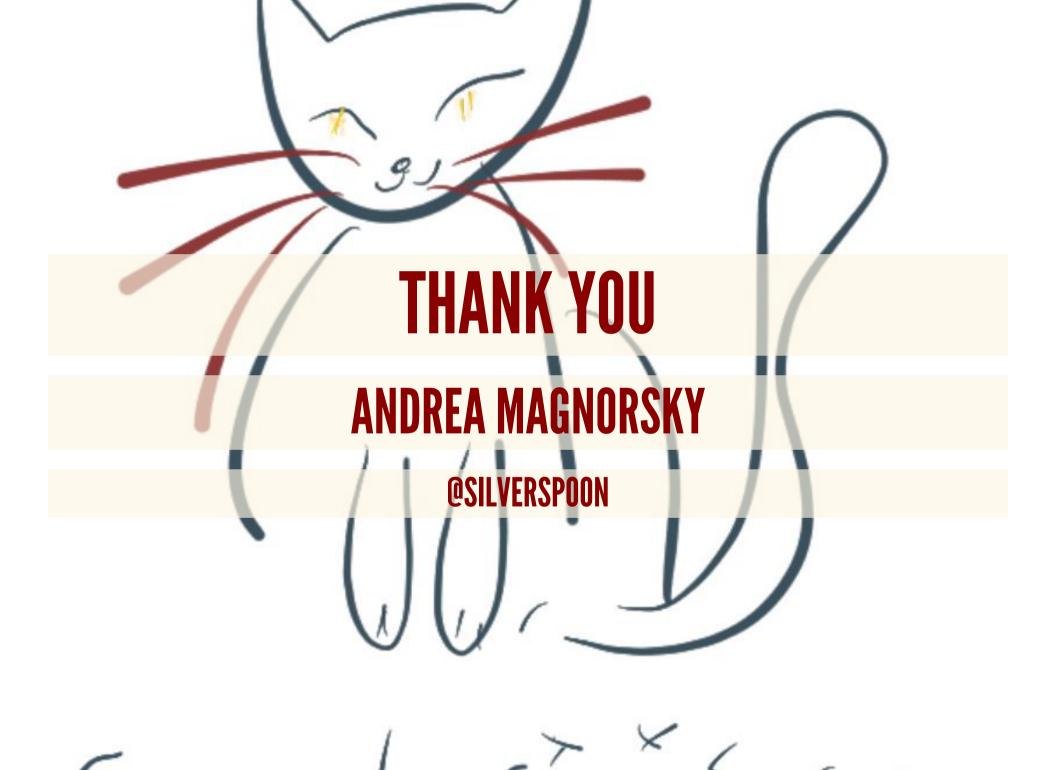
to the serious programmer: spend a part of your working day examining and refining your own methods. Even though programmers are always struggling to meet some future or past dead-line, methodological abstraction is a wise long term investment.











SOURCES | REFERENCES

PAPERS

- Programming Paradigms for Dummies: What Every Programmer Should Know - Peter Van Roy
- The paradigms of programming
- The next 700 programming languages by peter landin
- Why Functional Programming Matters by John Hughes
- Joe Armstrong Thesis

ARTICLES, POSTS, VIDEOS

- A punchcard ate my programme by Walt Mankowski
- Clojure spec
- Lenses in F#
- F# Don Syme
- Programming paradigm
- The expression problem

IMAGES

- Animal party link
- Tea ceremony japan link
- Cats with hats link